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Question Type 👢	Question 11	A J1	В Џ↑	c 11	D 1	Answer 11	Remark 11
FBQ	method involves the application of super heated steam to food in steam jackets	Flash	Flash				eExam
FBQ	method is used in malt drink where caramelisation is desirable	Kettle	Kettle				еЕхат
FBQ	of moist food is the partial removal of water from a food item, giving rise to a syrup-like product	Concentration	Concentration				eExam
FBQ	Methods employed in moisture reduction in food include and dehydration	Drying	Drying				eExam
FBQ	Pathogenic micro-organism thrive in the presence of	Moisture	Moisture				eExam
FBQ	Achieve sterility of food through	Radappertisation	Radappertisation				eExam
FBQ	Extend shelf-life and inhibits sprouting through	Radicidation	Radicidation				eExam
FBQ	Reduce spoilage organisms through	Radurisation	Radurisation				eExam
FBQ	Collision of radiation with resulting in ejection of electrons	Atoms	Atoms				eExam
FBQ	_control of food borne non- spore forming pathogenic bacteria.	Irradiation	Irradiation				eExam

FBQ	High radiation commonly used in food industry are Cobalt-60 (60Co )	Energy	Energy		eExam
FBQ	is the process of heating in order to alter the odour, flavour texture and digestibility of food components	Cooking	Cooking		еЕхат
FBQ	refers to brief immersion of fruits, vegetables in boiling water at temperatures close to 1000C for two to five minutes	Blanching	Blanching		eExam
FBQ	Chemicals and are used to achieve sterilization	Heat	Heat		eExam
FBQ	is the application of heat to a food product to destroy pathogenic micro- organisms	Pasteurisation	Pasteurisation		eExam
FBQ	_processing methods include Pasteurization, Sterilization, and Tyndallisation amongst others.	thermal	thermal		eExam
FBQ	Example of high temperature for food processing is	pasturization	cooking		eExam
FBQ	_used to preserve food from spoilage and to extend its shelf life.	processing	processing		eExam
FBQ	is caused by agents in food and environments where they are grown , harvested, processed, stored and consumed	spoilage	spoilage		eExam
FBQ	Wash hands before handling different food will prevent contamination	Cross	Cross		eExam

FBQ	Food to Food contamination is contaminated by bacteria from other	Food	Food		eExam
FBQ	_harbour salmonella which is associated with food-borne infections in human	Rats	Rats		eExam
FBQ	Cross contamination is the contamination of food product from sources.	3	three		eExam
FBQ	Insectinfectation causes reduction in quality and considerable economic loss.	Nutritional	Nutritional		eExam
FBQ	Food leads to food poisoning	Contamination	Contamination		eExam
FBQ	Rats and mice carry -producing organisms on their feet or in their intestinal tracts.	Disease	Disease		eExam
FBQ	Food increases the quantity of the commodity but reduces it quality	Adulteration	Adulteration		eExam
FBQ	Presence of insects and insects' excreta in packaged foods render products	Un-saleable	Un-saleable		eExam
FBQ	Food is contaminated by from different sources during preparation and storage	Microrganism	Microrganism		eExam
FBQ	Rats is the carrier of the danderous deases affacting human called fever.	Lassa	Lassa		eExam
FBQ	Sources of food contamination include air, water and	Dust	Dust		eExam

FBQ	Insects grow satisfactorily in food whose moisture content is less than %.	11	eleven		eExam
FBQ	Changes that occur during food handling,  and storage leads to deterioration in food.	Processing	Processing		еЕхат
FBQ	Warm humid environment promotes growth.	Insect	Insect		eExam
FBQ	parameters are properties of the storage environment that affect both the food and their microorganisms.	Extrinsic	Extrinsic		еЕхат
FBQ	factors are inherent part of the food capable of causing spoilage from within	Intrinsic	Intrinsic		eExam
FBQ	The prevailing conditions within the food item and around it dictates the rate of	Spoilage	Spoilage		еЕхат
FBQ	Agricultural product spoided upon storage, injuries sustained during amongst others.	Transport	Transport		еЕхат
FBQ	Food is susceptible to deterioration and spoilage over time because of the effect of the state of the agricultural product upon storage,	Physical	Physical		еЕхат
FBQ	is a vital component of hemoglobin and also of certain respiratory enzymes	Iron	Iron		eExam
FBQ	Deficiency of results in muscle cramps, reduced appetite and mental apathy.	Sodium	Sodium		eExam

FBQ	Excessive retention of magnesium can occur in renal disease and results in muscle weakness and	Hypertension	Hypertension		eExam
FBQ	is important for maintaining the electrical potential in nerve and muscle cells	Magnesium	Magnesium		eExam
FBQ	plays important roles in conjunction with calcium in bone and teeth formation	Phosphorous	Phosphorous		eExam
FBQ	regulates nervous excitability and muscle contraction	Calcium	Calcium		eExam
FBQ	The chemical energy of the body is stored in "high energy phosphate" compounds known as	ATP	ATP		eExam
FBQ	The body's requirements for are generally met by eating or drinking dairy products	Calcuim	Calcuim		eExam
FBQ	Minerals play a vital role in the acid-base equilibrium of the body, and thus regulate the of the blood	pH	pН		еЕхат
FBQ	Minerals are classified as major or depending on the body's requirements	Trace	Trace		eExam
FBQ	temperature preservation methods prolong shelf life of many foods by reducing growth rate of micro- organisms	Low	Low		eExam
FBQ	Pasteurisation is temperature dependent thereby giving two methods of HTST/	Vacuum	Vacuum		eExam

FBQ	One of the negative effct of irradiation on food is	Rancidity	Rancidity		еЕхат
FBQ	Milk can be converted into to extend the shelf life.	Cheese	Cheese		eExam
FBQ	is a method to increase shelf life of fresh fish in the absence of power for freezing the fish.	Smoking	Frying		eExam
FBQ	The product that is made from fermented cereal is known is	Burukutu	Burukutu		eExam
FBQ	are red pigment fruit rich in Vitamin A, B,C and minerals like Fe, Na, K	Tomatoes	Tomatoes		eExam
FBQ	Fermentation results in breakdown of complex organic matter into simpler one through	Catalysis	Catalysis		eExam
FBQ	packaging is used extensively by the meat industry to keep quality fresh meat and extend shelf life	Vacuum	Vacuum		eExam
FBQ	atmosphere is a process where gaseous environment is modified to a desired level	controlled	controlled		eExam
FBQ	atmospheres where the normal composition of air around a food material is changed at the point of packing	modified	modified		eExam
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		

FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv			
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv			
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv,bbbb	hshsshsh		
	hhhhjhh				
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv			
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv			
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv	hshsshsh		
FBQ	ggdgd	fvsvsv,bbbb	hshsshsh		
	hhhhjhh				

MCQ	is a vital component of hemoglobin and also of certain respiratory enzymes	Iron	Phosphorous	Mercury	Zinc	A	eExam
MCQ	Deficiency ofresults in muscle cramps, reduced appetite and mental apathy.	Chlorine	Sodium	Potassium	magnesium	В	eExam
MCQ	Excessive retention of magnesium can occur in renal disease and results in muscle weakness and	Low Blood	Hypotension	Insomia	Hypertension	D	eExam
MCQ	is important for maintaining the electrical potential in nerve and muscle cells	Iron	lodine	Magnesium	Phosphorous	С	eExam
MCQ	plays important roles in conjunction with calcium in bone and teeth formation	Sodium	Protein	Phosphorous	Almond	С	eExam
MCQ	regulates nervous excitability and muscle contraction	Calcium	Carbon	Chlorine	Sodium	A	eExam
MCQ	The chemical energy of the body is stored in "high energy phosphate"compounds known as	ADP	ATP	TAP	PADT	В	eExam
MCQ	The body's requirements for are generally met by eating or drinking dairy products	Carbon	Sodium	Protein	Calcuim	D	eExam
MCQ	Minerals play a vital role in the acid-base equilibrium of the body, and thus regulate the of the blood	рН	Нр	Blood	Water	A	eExam
MCQ	Minerals are classified as major or depending on the body's requirements	Small	Trace	Large	Minute	В	eExam
MCQ	temperature preservation methods prolong shelf life of many foods by reducing growth rate of micro-organisms	Low	High	Moderate	Intent	A	eExam
MCQ	Pasteurisation is temperature dependent thereby giving two methods of HTST/	TTTL	HTTS	LTLT	LLLT	С	eExam
MCQ	One of the negative effct of irradiation on food is	Concentration	Radiolysis	Acidity	Rancidity	D	eExam

MCQ	Milk can be converted into to extend the shelf life.	Liquid	Cheese	Drink	Solid	В	eExam
MCQ	is a method to increase shelf life of fresh fish in the absence of power for freezing the fish.	Blanching	Frying	Smoking	Baking	С	eExam
MCQ	The product that is made from fermented cereal is known is	Burukutu	Pito	Wine	Palmie	A	eExam
MCQ	are red pigment fruit rich in Vitamin A, B,C and minerals like Fe, Na, K	Mangoes	Pepper	Tomatoes	Carrot	С	eExam
MCQ	Fermentation results in breakdown of complex organic matter into simpler one through	Molecules	Enzymes	Atoms	Catalysis	D	eExam
MCQ	packaging is used extensively by the meat industry to keep quality fresh meat and extend shelf life	Close	Vacuum	Open	Elevated	В	eExam
MCQ	atmosphere is a process where gaseous environment is modified to a desired level	Content	Concentrate	Controlled	Modified	С	eExam
MCQ	atmospheres where the normal composition of air around a food material is changed at the point of packing	Modified	Adjusted	Aided	Group	A	eExam
MCQ	method involves the application of super heated steam to food in steam jackets	Bake	Gross	Cooking	Flash	D	eExam
MCQ	method is used in malt drink where caramelisation is desirable	Pan	Open	Kettle	Pot	С	eExam
MCQ	of moist food is the partial removal of water from a food item, giving rise to a syrup-like product	Concentration	Dehydration	Sublimation	Coagulation	А	eExam
MCQ	Methods employed in moisture reduction in food include and dehydration	Boiling	Freezing	Smoking	Drying	D	eExam
MCQ	Pathogenic micro-organism thrive in the presence of	Protein	Moisture	Lipid	Fats	В	eExam
MCQ	Achieve sterility of food through	Sterilization	Harmonization	Radappertisation	Irradiation	С	eExam

MCQ	Extend shelf-life and inhibits sprouting through	Radappertisation	Radicidation	Pasteurisation	Harmonization	В	eExam
MCQ	Reduce spoilage organisms through	Harmonization	Radappertisation	Tyndallisation	Radurisation	D	eExam
MCQ	Collision of radiation with resulting in ejection of electrons	Atoms	Neutrons	Elements	Molecules	A	eExam
MCQ	control of food borne non-spore forming pathogenic bacteria.	Irradiation	Sterilization	Melting	Pasteurisation	A	eExam
MCQ	High radiation commonly used in food industry are Cobalt-60 (60Co)	Temperature	Energy	Solar	Chemical	В	eExam
MCQ	is the process of heating in order to alter the odour, flavour texture and digestibility of food components	Parting	Cooling	Freezing	Cooking	D	eExam
MCQ	refers to brief immersion of fruits, vegetables in boiling water at temperatures close to 1000C for two to five minutes	Roasting	Cooking	Blanching	Baking	С	еЕхат
MCQ	Chemicals and are used to achieve sterilization	Heat	Air	Fire	Water	A	eExam
MCQ	is the application of heat to a food product to destroy pathogenic microorganisms	Irradiation	Tyndallisation	Pasteurisation	Sterilization	С	eExam
MCQ	processing methods include Pasteurization, Sterilization, and Tyndallisation amongst others.	temprature	baking	boiling	thermal	D	eExam
MCQ	Example of high temperature for food processing does not include	grilling	pasturization	canning	cooking	A	eExam
MCQ	used to preserve food from spoilage and to extend its shelf life.	additives	food	processing	sorting	С	eExam
MCQ	Food is caused by agents in food and environments where they are grown , harvested, processed, stored and consumed	viruses	spoilage	bacteria	fungai	В	eExam
MCQ	Wash hands before handling different food will prevent contamination	Cross	Border	Line	Equipment	A	eExam

MCQ	Food to Food contamination is contaminated by bacteria from other	Utensils	Equipment	Food	Person	С	eExam
MCQ	harbour salmonella which is associated with food-borne infections in human	Flies	Cats	Dogs	Rats	D	еЕхат
MCQ	Cross contamination is the contamination of food product from sources.	9	3	5	8	В	eExam
MCQ	Insectinfectation causes reduction in quality and considerable economic loss.	Nutritional	Better	Additional	Abandom	A	eExam
MCQ	Food leads to food poisoning	Preparation	Contamination	Isolation	Absorption	В	eExam
MCQ	Rats and mice carryproducing organisms on their feet or in their intestinal tracts.	Energy	Water	Disease	Sickness	С	еЕхат
MCQ	Food increases the quantity of the commodity but reduces it quality	Quantity	Adjustment	Addition	Adulteration	D	еЕхат
MCQ	Presence of insects and insects' excreta in packaged foods render products	Sealable	Un-saleable	Re-saleble	Saleble	В	eExam
MCQ	Food is contaminated by from different sources during preparation and storage	Microrganism	Feaces	Biotins	Animal	A	eExam
MCQ	Rats is the carrier of the danderous deases affacting human called fever.	Ebola	Thyphiod	Lassa	Malaria	С	eExam
MCQ	Sources of food contamination include air, water and	Dust	Fly	Odor	Floor	A	eExam
MCQ	Insects grow satisfactorily in food whose moisture content is less than%.	5	8	15	11	D	eExam
MCQ	Changes that occur during food handling, and storage leads to deterioration in food.	Preserving	Processing	Preparing	Serving	В	еЕхат
MCQ	Warm humid environment promotesgrowth.	Animal	Bad	Insect	Rat	С	eExam

MCQ	parameters are properties of the storage environment that affect both the food and their microorganisms.	Extrinsic	Factor	Intrinsic	Experment	А	еЕхат
MCQ	factors are inherent part of the food capable of causing spoilage from within	Paramenter	Intrinsic	Experment	Extrinsic	В	eExam
MCQ	The prevailing conditions within the food item and around it dictates the rate of	Good	Deterioration	Spoilage	Bad	С	eExam
MCQ	Agricultural product spoided upon storage, injuries sustained during amongst others.	Eating	Packing	Carring	Transport	D	eExam
мсо	Food is susceptible to deterioration and spoilage over time because of the effect of thestate of the agricultural product upon storage,	Physical	Liquid	Micro	Gasious	A	еЕхат
MCQ	is a vital component of hemoglobin and also of certain respiratory enzymes	Iron	Phosphorous	Mercury	Zinc	A	
MCQ	Deficiency ofresults in muscle cramps, reduced appetite and mental apathy.	Chlorine	Sodium	Potassium	magnesium	В	
MCQ	Excessive retention of magnesium can occur in renal disease and results in muscle weakness and	Low Blood	Hypotension	Insomia	Hypertension	D	
MCQ	is important for maintaining the electrical potential in nerve and muscle cells	Iron	lodine	Magnesium	Phosphorous	С	
MCQ	plays important roles in conjunction with calcium in bone and teeth formation	Sodium	Protein	Phosphorous	Almond	С	
MCQ	regulates nervous excitability and muscle contraction	Calcium	Carbon	Chlorine	Sodium	A	
MCQ	The chemical energy of the body is stored in "high energy phosphate" compounds known as	ADP	ATP	TAP	PADT	В	

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MCQ	The body's requirements for are generally met	Carbon	Sodium	Protein	Calcuim	D	
	by eating or drinking dairy products						